

11-7-19 4th Trig

① What is the slope from
(2, n) to (4, n+10) ?

$$\text{slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{n+10-n}{4-2} = \frac{10}{2} = 5$$

② Which equations are in standard form?

Ⓐ $2x - 3y = -8$ Yes

Ⓑ $x + y = 2y_5$ NO

Ⓒ $-2x + 3y = 10$ NO

Ⓓ $\frac{1}{3}x + y = 6$ NO

Ⓔ $x - y = -7$ Yes

③ Give the equation of the line that goes through
(-2, -4) (-4, -10).

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{-4 + 10}{-2 + 4}$$

$$y + 4 = 3(x + 2)$$

$$= \frac{6}{2}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} y + 4 = 3x + 6 \\ -4 \qquad -4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$= 3$$

$$y = 3x + 2$$

④ Give the equation of the line that is \perp to $y = 4x - 5$ and goes through $(-8, 12)$.

$$y = 4x - 5$$

$$m = 4 \therefore \perp m = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 12 = -\frac{1}{4}(x + 8)$$

$$y - 12 = -\frac{1}{4}x - 2$$

$$-\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{8}{1} = -\frac{8}{4}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} y - 12 = -\frac{1}{4}x - 2 \\ +12 \qquad \qquad +12 \\ \hline y = -\frac{1}{4}x + 10 \end{array}$$

⑤
$$\frac{205!}{206!} = \frac{\cancel{205 \cdot 204 \cdot \dots \cdot 2 \cdot 1}}{\cancel{206 \cdot 205 \cdot 204 \cdot \dots \cdot 2 \cdot 1}}$$

$$\frac{1}{206}$$

⑥
$$\frac{10! \cdot 6! \cdot 4!}{11! \cdot 5! \cdot 7!}$$

$$\frac{\cancel{10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} \cdot \cancel{6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} \cdot \cancel{4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1}}{\cancel{11 \cdot 10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} \cdot \cancel{5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} \cdot \cancel{7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1}}$$

$$\frac{1}{385}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \sum_{n=2}^4 2^n - 3n$$

$$n=2 \quad 2^2 - 3(2) = -2$$

$$n=3 \quad 2^3 - 3(3) = -1$$

$$n=4 \quad 2^4 - 3(4) = \frac{4}{1}$$

$\textcircled{8}$ Give the equation of the line that is \perp to $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 6$ and goes through $(10, -14)$. Put answer in standard form.

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 6$$

$$m = \frac{1}{2} \therefore \perp m = -2$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y + 14 = -2(x - 10)$$

$$y + 14 = -2x + 20$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -14 \\ -14 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} -14 \\ -14 \end{array}$$

$$y = -2x + 6$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +2x \\ +2x \end{array}$$

$$2x + y = 6$$

$\textcircled{9}$ Rewrite in standard form.

$$y + \frac{2}{3}x = -\frac{4}{9}$$

$$9 \left[\frac{2}{3}x + y = -\frac{4}{9} \right]$$

$$6x + 9y = -4$$

✓ x

$$\frac{9}{1} \cdot \frac{2}{3} = \frac{18}{3}$$

$$\frac{9}{1} \cdot \frac{-4}{9} = \frac{-36}{9}$$

$$\textcircled{10} \quad (-2, 4)(1, -2)$$

$$\text{slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{4 - (-2)}{-2 - 1} = \frac{6}{-3} = -2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{distance} &= \sqrt{\Delta x^2 + \Delta y^2} \\ &= \sqrt{3^2 + 6^2} \\ &= \sqrt{9 + 36} \approx 6.7 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{midpoint} &= \left(\frac{-2+1}{2}, \frac{4+(-2)}{2} \right) \\ &= \left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 \right) \end{aligned}$$