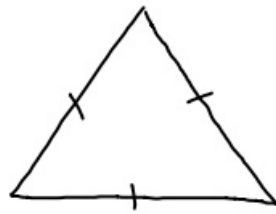


3-19-18 5th Geo



How many degrees must I rotate it until it lands on itself?

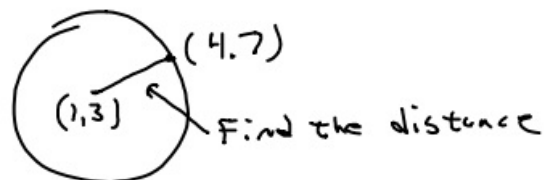
120°

Ex: $(x-4)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 25$

center: $(4, -3)$

radius: 5

- ① The equation $(x-1)^2 + (y-3)^2 = r^2$ represents circle A. The pt. $(4, 7)$ lies on circle. What is the radius?



OR

$$(x-1)^2 + (y-3)^2 = r^2$$

Plug $(4, 7)$ in

$$(4-1)^2 + (7-3)^2 = r^2$$

$$9 + 16 = r^2$$

$$25 = r^2$$

$$5 = r$$

② What point lies on the circle represented by

$$(x-1)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 7^2$$

A. (-1, 4)

B. (0, 7)

C. (1, 3)

D. (8, 3)

③ Circle O has center (-2, -2) and diameter of 10. Which point lies on circle O.

A. (-6, -5)

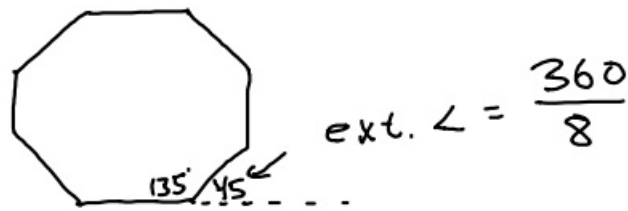
B. (-2, -2)

C. (6, 4)

D. (8, 8)

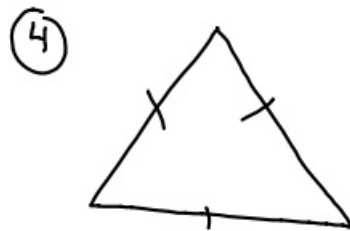
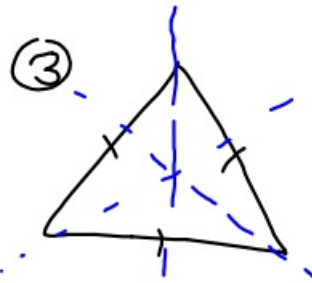
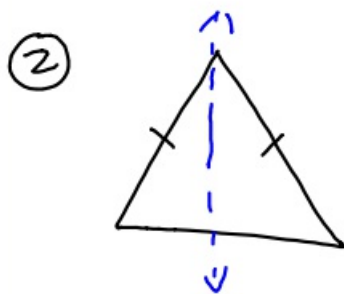
$$(x+2)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 25$$

④ Does an Octagon tessellate?



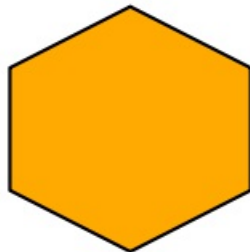
3-19-18 6th Geo

① Tessellations



How many degrees must I rotate it to make it land on itself?
120°

⑤



$$\frac{360}{6} = 60^\circ \text{ turn}$$

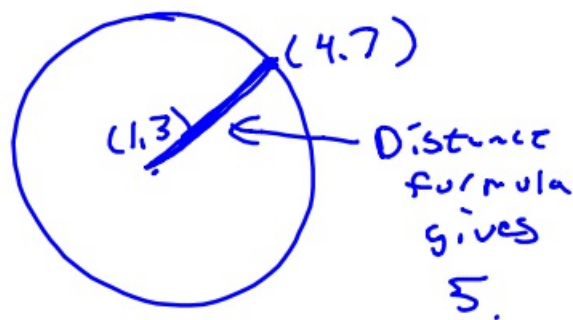
$$(x-3)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 36$$

Center: $(3, -2)$

radius: 6

- ⑦ The equation $(x-1)^2 + (y-3)^2 = r^2$ represents circle A. The point $(4, 7)$ is on the circle. What is r ?

Ⓐ Center = $(1, 3)$



$$\text{Ⓑ } (4-1)^2 + (7-3)^2 = r^2$$

$$9 + 16 = r^2$$

$$25 = r^2$$

$$r = 5$$

8) What point lies on the circle represented by

$$(x-1)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 7^2?$$

(A) (-1, 4)

(B) (0, 7)

(C) (1, 3)

(D) (8, 3)

9) Circle O has a center $(-2, -2)$ and a diameter of 10. Which point lies on circle O?

(A) $(-6, -5)$

(B) $(-2, -2)$

(C) $(6, 4)$

(D) $(8, 8)$

$$(x+2)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 25$$

