## **Chapter 7 Practice Test 1**

Name		
Calculate the deri	vative of	each function below.
		1. $f(x) = 4x^3 + 3x^2 - 10x + 3$
		2. $f(x) = x^3 + x^2 - x$
		3. $f(x) = 5x^{-4} + 3x^{-2} + x^{-1}$
		4. $f(x) = \frac{5}{x^3} + \frac{3}{x^2} - \frac{1}{2}x^2$
5.	What $f(x) =$	is the slope of the line tangent to the graph of $x^3 + 5x^2 - 10x + 3$ at the point (1, 1)?
6.	What $f(x) =$	is the slope of the line tangent to the graph of $5x^4 - x + 6$ at the point (2, 84)?
	7.	What is the equation of the line tangent to the graph of $f(x) = 4x^3 + 2x - 10$ at the point $(1, -4)$ ? Write the equation in slope intercept form.
	8.	What is the equation of the line tangent to the graph of $f(x) = x^4 + 4x^2 + 2x - 10$ at the point (2, 26)? Write the equation in slope intercept form.
	9.	Find the critical points on $f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 - 45x$ Just list them as ordered pairs. Don't worry about what type of critical point they might be.
	10.	Find the critical points on $f(x) = x^3 - 12x$ Just list them as ordered pairs.

11. Find the critical points of  $f(x) = 3x^3 - 18x^2 - 4$ . Determine whether each point represents a maximum, minimum, or point of inflection.

Don't worry about what type of critical point they might be.

Find the x-intercept and y-intercept of f(x) = 4x - 6. 12.

x-intercept = \_\_\_\_\_

y-intercept = \_\_\_\_\_

Find the x-intercept and y-intercept of  $f(x) = x^2 - 10x + 9$ . 13.

x-intercept = \_\_\_\_\_

y-intercept = \_\_\_\_\_

Tell how many solutions exist to each equation by determining the discriminant.

14. 
$$f(x) = 3x^2 - 4x - 1$$

 $f(x) = 3x^2 - 4x - 1$  Discriminant value = \_\_\_\_\_

Number of solutions = \_\_\_\_\_

15. 
$$f(x) = x^2 + 2x + 1$$

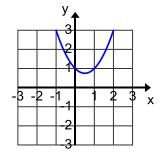
 $f(x) = x^2 + 2x + 1$  Discriminant value = \_\_\_\_\_ Number of solutions = \_\_\_\_\_

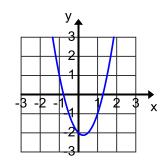
Match the graphs below with the correct discriminant value. (Not actually accurate)

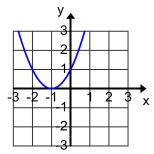
A. Discriminant is 40

B. Discriminant is 0

C. Discriminant is -35







16.

17.

18.