

## 1-1 A Solving Linear Equations

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Solve for x:  $5(x - 2) - (3x - 7) = 6(-2x + 4)$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Solve for x:  $3(x - 4) - (x - 3) = 20$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Solve for x:  $3(x - 1) - (2x + 4) = -4$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Solve for x:  $3(2x - 4) - 4(x - 3) = 100$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Solve for x:  $5(2x - 1) = 5x + 2(2x - 10)$

## 1-1 B Variables

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Simplify  $(ab^3)(4a^2b^2)$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Simplify  $(-3a^3b^5)^2$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Simplify  $(n - 5)^2$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Simplify  $(2n^3 + 5n)(4n^3 + 2n)$   
A.  $8n^6 + 24n^4 + 10n^2$       B.  $8n^9 + 24n^4 + 10n^2$   
C.  $8n^6 + 20n^3 + 10n$       D.  $8n^9 + 24n^3 + 10n^2$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Simplify  $(a^4n^3x^6)(a^2n^3x^6)$   
A.  $a^8n^6x^{12}$       B.  $a^6n^9x^{12}$       C.  $a^6n^6x^{36}$       D.  $a^6n^6x^{12}$

## 1-2 Simplifying Expressions

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Simplify  $4ab^3 - 3ab^2 + 2ab - 5ab^2 + 2ab^3 - 5ab - 4ab^2$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Simplify  $(x^7)(4x^3)^4 + (x^6y^4)^2$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Simplify  $(2n)(4n) + (6n)(4n)$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Simplify  $(2n^3y^4)^2 + n(n^5)y^8$   
A.  $5n^6y^8$       B.  $3n^6y^8$       C.  $5n^3y^4$       D.  $8n^{12}y^{16}$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Simplify  $2(2n - 4) - (6n - 2)$   
A.  $-2n - 10$       B.  $-2n - 6$       C.  $2n - 10$       D. None of the above

## 1-3 Simplifying Radicals

\_\_\_\_\_ 1. Simplify  $\sqrt{-4}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 2. Simplify  $\sqrt[3]{8a^4b^6}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 3. Simplify  $\sqrt{-40}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 4. Simplify  $\sqrt{-80a^2}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 5. Simplify  $\sqrt{20a^7y^2}$

## 1-4 Simplifying Radical Expressions

\_\_\_\_\_ 1. Simplify  $\frac{8 \pm \sqrt{-16}}{2}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 2. Simplify  $\frac{-16 \pm \sqrt{-32}}{4}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 3. Simplify  $\frac{18 \pm \sqrt{40}}{10}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 4. Simplify  $\frac{2 \pm \sqrt{20}}{2}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 5. Simplify  $\frac{9 \pm \sqrt{18}}{3}$

## 1-5 Simplifying Expressions and Negative Exponents

\_\_\_\_\_ 1. Simplify  $\frac{4a^3b^5c}{6a^2b^3c}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 2. Simplify  $\frac{c^3w^{-5}h^{-1}}{c^{-1}w^{-2}h}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 3. Simplify  $(3a^{-5})^{-2}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 4. Simplify  $(3s^{-2}t^4u^{-1}d)^{-3}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 5. Simplify  $\frac{y^2e^{-5}s^4}{y^7e^2s^{-4}}$

## 2-1 Factoring Polynomials

\_\_\_\_\_ 1. Factor  $x^2 - x - 56$

\_\_\_\_\_ 2. Factor  $x^2 + 5x - 24$

\_\_\_\_\_ 3. Factor  $6x^2 + 9x - 105$

\_\_\_\_\_ 4. Factor  $x^2 - 49$

\_\_\_\_\_ 5. Factor  $10x^2 + 29x + 10$

## 2-3 Factor by Grouping

\_\_\_\_\_ 1. Factor  $3x^2 + xy - 12x - 4y$

\_\_\_\_\_ 2. Factor  $10x^3 - 6x^2 + 15x - 9$

\_\_\_\_\_ 3. Factor  $3n^3 + 12n^2 + 2n + 8$

\_\_\_\_\_ 4. Factor  $y^5 + 3y^3 + 4y^2 + 12$

\_\_\_\_\_ 5. Factor  $n^3 + 2n - n^2 - 2$

## 2-4 Factoring Cubic Polynomials

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Factor  $8x^3 - 27$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Factor  $8n^3 + 729y^3$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Factor  $n^3 + 27y^3$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Factor  $1000x^3 - 27$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Factor  $x^3 - 125y^3$

## 2-5 A Dividing Polynomials

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1.  $a - 7 \overline{) a^2 - 2a - 35}$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2.  $n + 9 \overline{) n^2 + 12n + 36}$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3.  $n + 4 \overline{) n^2 + 5n - 2}$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4.  $n - 2 \overline{) n^2 + 3n + 1}$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5.  $x + 3 \overline{) x^3 + 27}$

## 2-5 B Dividing Polynomials

Divide the following by factoring the numerator and denominator and then simplifying.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1.  $\frac{n^2 + 7n + 10}{n + 5}$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2.  $\frac{n^2 - 8n - 20}{n^2 - 13n + 30}$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3.  $\frac{n^2 + 4n + 3}{n^2 + 7n + 12}$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4.  $\frac{n^2 - 16}{n^2 + n - 20}$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5.  $\frac{n^2 + 9n - 10}{n^2 - 3n - 4}$

## 2-6 Solving quadratic equations by factoring

Solve these quadratic equations by factoring and finding the possible values of  $x$ .

\_\_\_\_\_ 1.  $5x^2 + 13x + 6 = 0$

\_\_\_\_\_ 2.  $6x^2 + 23x + 20 = 0$

\_\_\_\_\_ 3.  $x^2 + 2x + 1 = 0$

\_\_\_\_\_ 4.  $10x^2 + 29x + 10 = 0$

\_\_\_\_\_ 5.  $x^2 + 6x + 5 = 0$

## 3-1 Functions

Let  $f(x) = 3x - 10$      $g(x) = x^2$      $h(x) = 2^x$     Find each value below.

\_\_\_\_\_ 1.  $h(-1)$

\_\_\_\_\_ 2.  $h(3)$

\_\_\_\_\_ 3.  $f(-5)$

\_\_\_\_\_ 4.  $g(-5)$

\_\_\_\_\_ 5.  $g(-5)$

## 3-2 A Composite Functions

Let  $f(x) = 3x - 2$      $g(x) = x + 10$      $h(x) = 5x$   
Find each value below.

\_\_\_\_\_ 1.  $g(f(0))$

\_\_\_\_\_ 2.  $g(f(3))$

\_\_\_\_\_ 3.  $f(g(3))$

\_\_\_\_\_ 4.  $h(h(2))$

\_\_\_\_\_ 5.  $f(h(4))$

## 3-2 B Domains

\_\_\_\_\_ 1. State the domain of the function:  $f(x) = \sqrt{x-3}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 2. State the domain of the function:  $f(x) = \sqrt{x+8}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 3. State the domain of the function:  $f(x) = \frac{x^2-2}{2x+9}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 4. State the domain of the function:  $f(x) = 4x - 2$

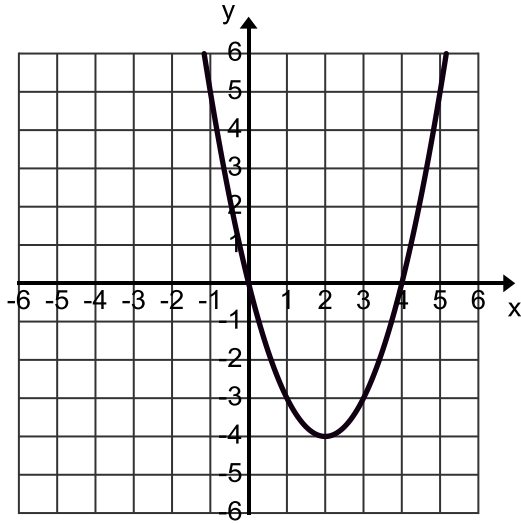
\_\_\_\_\_ 5. State the domain of the function:  $f(x) = \frac{x^2-2}{x+9}$

### 3-3 A Domains and Ranges in graphs

Give the domain and range of the graphs below.

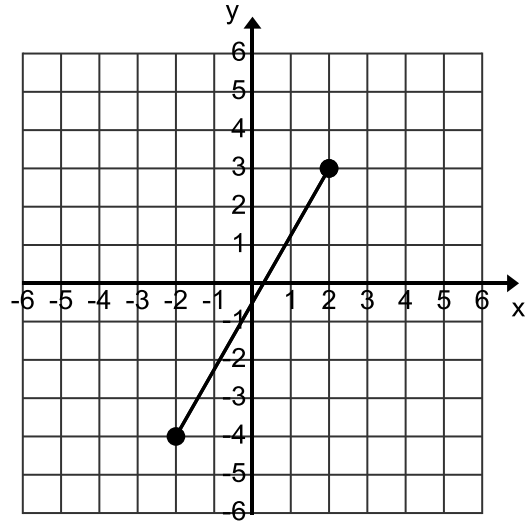
1. Domain = \_\_\_\_\_

Range = \_\_\_\_\_



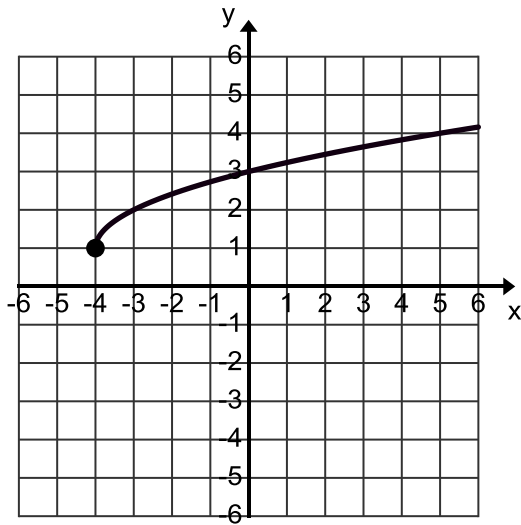
2. Domain = \_\_\_\_\_

Range = \_\_\_\_\_



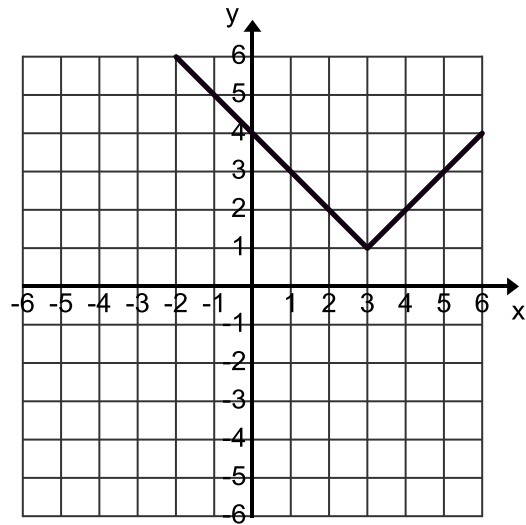
3. Domain = \_\_\_\_\_

Range = \_\_\_\_\_



4. Domain = \_\_\_\_\_

Range = \_\_\_\_\_



## 3-3 B Interval Notation

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. In interval notation, what is  $x > 3$ ?  
A.  $(3, \infty)$       B.  $[3, \infty)$       C.  $(-\infty, 3)$       D.  $(-\infty, 3]$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. In interval notation, what is  $x < 3$ ?  
A.  $(3, \infty)$       B.  $[3, \infty)$       C.  $(-\infty, 3)$       D.  $(-\infty, 3]$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. In interval notation, what is  $x \leq 3$ ?  
A.  $(3, \infty)$       B.  $[3, \infty)$       C.  $(-\infty, 3)$       D.  $(-\infty, 3]$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. In interval notation, what is  $2 < x \leq 5$ ?  
A.  $(2, 5)$       B.  $[2, 5)$       C.  $[2, 5]$       D.  $(2, 5]$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. What would represent the interval notation of  $[-8, \infty)$ ?  
A.  $x < -8$       B.  $x > -8$       C.  $x \leq -8$       D.  $x \geq -8$

## 3-4 Composition of Functions

Let  $f(x) = 2x + 3$        $g(x) = x - 10$        $h(x) = 3x - 1$        $k(x) = x^2$

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Find  $f(g(x))$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Find  $f(f(x))$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Find  $k(g(x))$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Find  $h(g(x))$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Find  $f(k(x))$

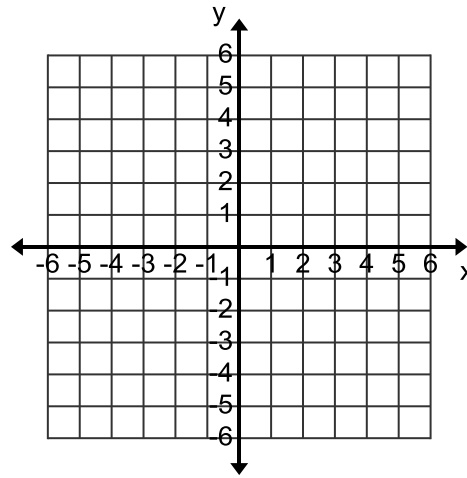
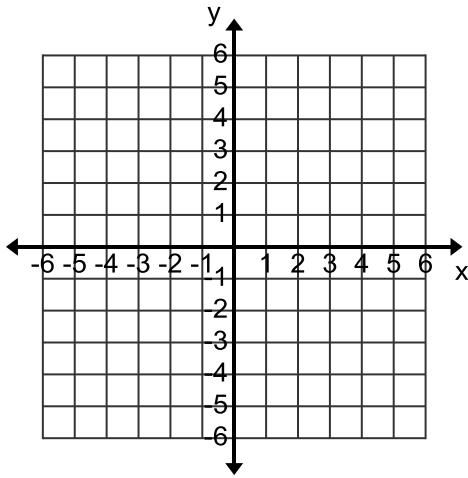


# 3-5 Graphing Inequalities

Graph the following inequalities on the graphs below.

1.  $y > 2x - 1$

2.  $y \geq \frac{2}{3}x - 2$

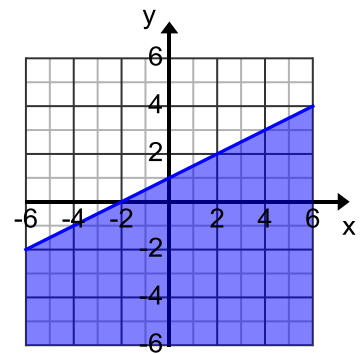
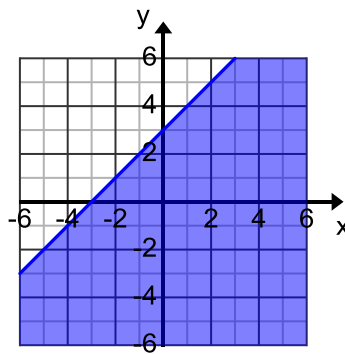
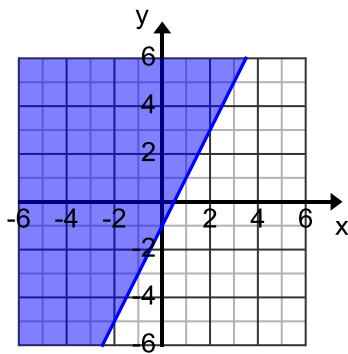


What inequalities are graphed below?

\_\_\_\_\_ 3.

\_\_\_\_\_ 4.

\_\_\_\_\_ 5.



## 4-1 A Slope

\_\_\_\_\_ 1.

What is the slope of the line that contains the points (4, 10) and (6, 8)?

\_\_\_\_\_ 2.

What is the slope of the line that contains the points (2, n) and (6, n + 6)?

\_\_\_\_\_ 3.

What is the slope of the line that contains the points (-1, 18) and (1, 8)?

\_\_\_\_\_ 4.

What is the slope of the line that contains the points (-4, 10) and (6, 9)?

\_\_\_\_\_ 5.

What is the slope of the line that contains the points (4, 10) and (6, 8)?

## 4-1 B Midpoint

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. What is the midpoint of (4, 10) and (6, 8)?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. What is the midpoint of (2, n) and (6, n + 6)?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. What is the midpoint of (-3, 3) and (-5, -3)?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. What is the midpoint (-4, n) and (6, n + 4)?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. What is the midpoint of (0, 6) and (-4, -8)?

## 4-1 C Distance

Round your answers to the nearest tenth if needed.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. What is the distance from (4, 10) and (6, 8)?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. What is the distance from (2, n) and (6, n + 6)?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. What is the distance from (1, 11) and (2, 9)?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. What is the distance from (-4, 6) and (-6, 8)?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. What is the distance from (2, 10) and (6, 8)?

## 4-2 Equation of lines in slope intercept form

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Find the equation of the line, in slope intercept form, that goes through the point (2, 8) and has a slope of -3.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Give the equation of the line, in slope intercept form, that is parallel to  $y = 8x - 5$  and passes through the point (1, 20).
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Give the equation of the line, in slope intercept form, that is perpendicular to  $y = 2x - 5$  and passes through the point (2, 8).
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Find the equation of the line, in slope intercept form, that goes through the point (-1, -2) and has a slope of  $\frac{1}{2}$ .
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Find the equation of the line, in slope intercept form, that goes through the point (2, 4) and (3, 10).

## 4-3 Standard form

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Rewrite the equation  $y = \frac{2}{3}x + 5$  in standard form.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Give the equation of the line in standard form that is parallel to  $y = 8x - 5$  and passes through the point  $(1, 20)$ .
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Rewrite the equation  $3y = -2x - 9$  in standard form.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Rewrite the equation  $3y = \frac{5}{6}x + 2$  in standard form.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Which equation below is not in standard form?  
A.  $3x - y = 5$       B.  $4x + y = -3$       C.  $-2x + y = 9$       D.  $x - y = -1$

## 4-4 A Sigma Notation

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1.  $\sum_{n=1}^3 5n$       \_\_\_\_\_ 2.  $\sum_{n=-2}^1 2n - 1$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3.  $\sum_{n=-2}^0 n^2 ?$       \_\_\_\_\_ 4.  $\sum_{n=-2}^3 2 - n ?$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5.  $\sum_{n=2}^4 -3n + 4$

## 4-4 B Factorial Notation

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1.  $\frac{28!}{27!}$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2.  $\frac{40!}{38!}$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3.  $\frac{100!}{98!}$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4.  $\frac{8!7!}{6!5!}$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5.  $\frac{6!}{2!4!}$

## 4-5 Permutations

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. I have a safe in my house that has a key pad on it with the digits 0 – 9 on it. If my combination is a 5 digit code, how many possible combinations exist?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Old VA license plates used to be 3 letters followed by 3 numbers. How many license plates could the state make in this manner?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. My password to log on to my computer is 3 letters followed by 3 digits. What is the probability you could break my code in one try?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. A zip code is a 5 digit number that the post office uses to help deliver the mail. How many zip codes exist?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. From the 15 players, I have to select 6 players to bat in my new game called “Hickam ball.” I must put them in order from 1<sup>st</sup> at bat to 6<sup>th</sup> at bat. How many different options do I have?

## 4-6 Combinations

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Of the 20 kids in my “Hickam fan club” 10 of them will be picked to serve tea at the Hickam family reunion. How many combinations can I pick from the 20 kids? Order doesn’t matter.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. How many different ways can a 10 question True/False quiz be answered?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Pizza Hut offers a large 3 topping pizza for \$9.99 as its special this month. If they have 8 toppings from which you can choose, how many different possibilities can you make assuming you choose 3 toppings?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Of the 10 pairs of shorts in my closet, I can only take 3 with me on my vacation to Bermuda. How many possible combinations exist?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. From the 20 kids in the class, I must pick 2 to represent my homeroom as Class Officers. How many possibilities exist?

## 5-1 Solving Equations using Substitution

Find the x and y value using substitution.

$$x = \underline{\quad\quad} \quad y = \underline{\quad\quad} \quad \boxed{1.} \quad \begin{cases} y = -x + 5 \\ x + 2y = -2 \end{cases}$$

$$x = \underline{\quad\quad} \quad y = \underline{\quad\quad} \quad \boxed{2.} \quad \begin{cases} x = 6 + y \\ 3x + y = 18 \end{cases}$$

$$x = \underline{\quad\quad} \quad y = \underline{\quad\quad} \quad 3. \quad \begin{cases} y = 3x - 1 \\ y + x = 15 \end{cases}$$

$$x = \underline{\quad\quad} \quad y = \underline{\quad\quad} \quad 4. \quad \begin{cases} y = 3x - 5 \\ y = 2x - 1 \end{cases}$$

$$x = \underline{\quad\quad} \quad y = \underline{\quad\quad} \quad 5. \quad \begin{cases} y = 3x - 5 \\ 4x + 2y = 40 \end{cases}$$

## 5-2 Solving Equations using Elimination

Find the x and y value using substitution.

$$x = \underline{\quad\quad} \quad y = \underline{\quad\quad} \quad \boxed{1.} \quad \begin{cases} 2x + y = 5 \\ x - y = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$x = \underline{\quad\quad} \quad y = \underline{\quad\quad} \quad 2. \quad \begin{cases} 3x + 2y = 17 \\ 2x + 5y = 15 \end{cases}$$

$$x = \underline{\quad\quad} \quad y = \underline{\quad\quad} \quad 3. \quad \begin{cases} 2x - y = 8 \\ 3x + y = 12 \end{cases}$$

\_\_\_\_\_  $\boxed{4.}$  For \$2.10, you can get 3 eggs and a cup of coffee.  
For \$2.60, you can get 4 eggs and a cup of coffee.  
How much are you paying for the coffee?

\_\_\_\_\_  $\boxed{5.}$  I plan on taking a vacation on a Cruise Ship this winter.  
A 3 day cruise with 8 included meals cost \$600.  
A 5 day cruise with 12 meals cost \$780.  
How much are they charging me for each day on the ship?

## 5-4 Matrices

$$A = [3 \ 4 \ 7] \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 7 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 6 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad D = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 & 8 \\ 3 & 3 & 5 \\ 1 & 1 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$E = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -2 \\ 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad F = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad G = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 0 \\ -2 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

\_\_\_\_\_ 1. What is CE?

\_\_\_\_\_ 2. What is DD?

\_\_\_\_\_ 3. What is FG?

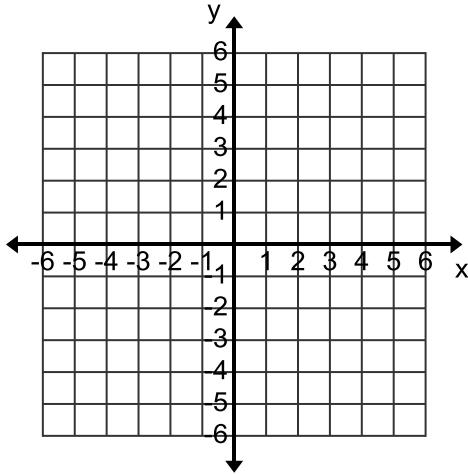
\_\_\_\_\_ 4. What is E + F?

\_\_\_\_\_ 5. What is AB?

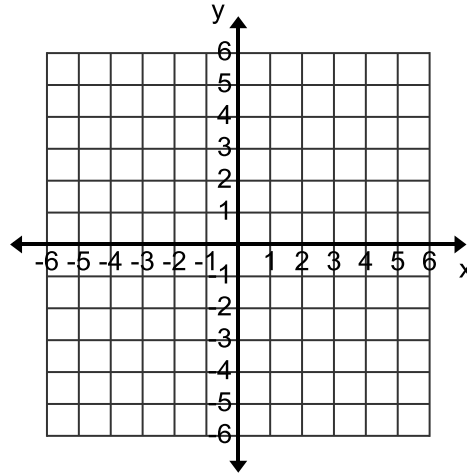
# 6-1 Graphing Systems of Inequalities

Graph the following on the given graphs.

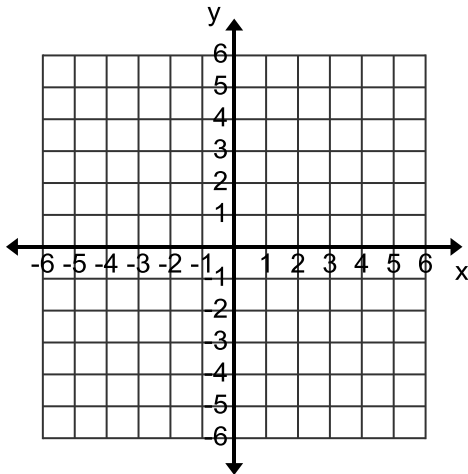
1. 
$$\begin{cases} y \leq 3x - 1 \\ y > -2x + 1 \end{cases}$$



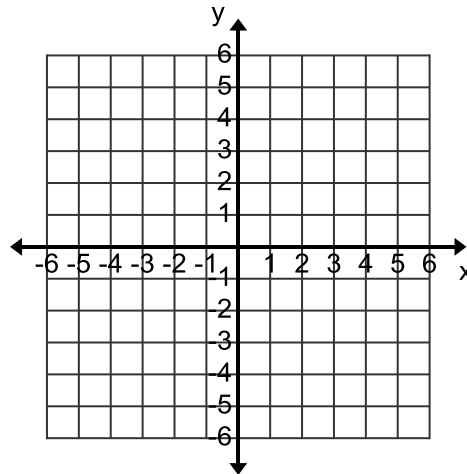
2. 
$$\begin{cases} y > 1 \\ y < 3 \end{cases}$$



3. 
$$\begin{cases} y \leq 2x - 1 \\ y > -2x + 1 \end{cases}$$



4. 
$$\begin{cases} x > 1 \\ x < 3 \end{cases}$$



# 6-2 Parent Graphs

Tell what equation is graphed.

\_\_\_\_\_ Graph 1

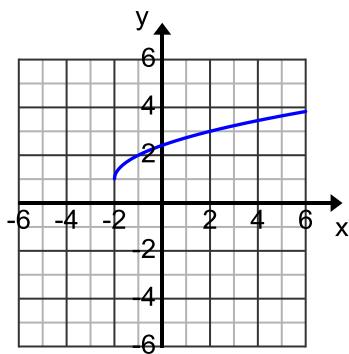
\_\_\_\_\_ Graph 2

\_\_\_\_\_ Graph 3

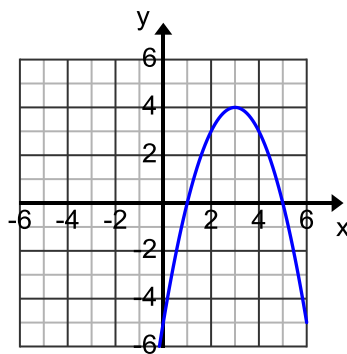
\_\_\_\_\_ Graph 4

\_\_\_\_\_ Graph 5

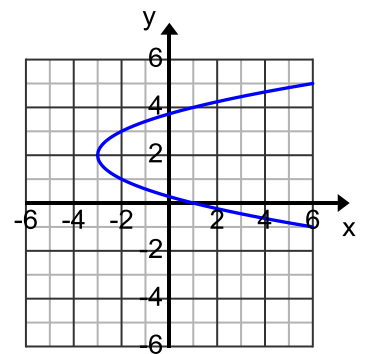
Graph 1



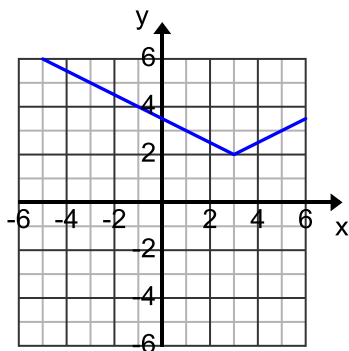
Graph 2



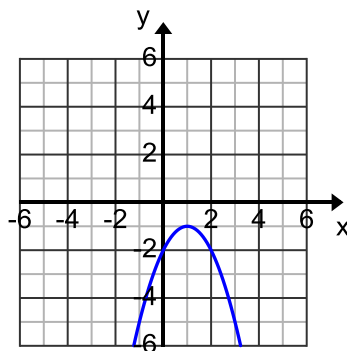
Graph 3



Graph 4



Graph 5





## 6-3 A Asymptotes

Determine the horizontal and vertical asymptotes for each function.  
If none exists for the function, just write "none."

1.  $y = \frac{x}{x^2 - x - 12}$       H = \_\_\_\_\_      V = \_\_\_\_\_

2.  $y = \frac{x^3 + 5}{2x - 2}$       H = \_\_\_\_\_      V = \_\_\_\_\_

3.  $y = \frac{-2}{x - 5}$       H = \_\_\_\_\_      V = \_\_\_\_\_

4.  $y = \frac{4x - 6}{x - 5}$       H = \_\_\_\_\_      V = \_\_\_\_\_

5.  $y = \frac{x^2 + 5x + 3}{x^2 - 9}$       H = \_\_\_\_\_      V = \_\_\_\_\_

## 6-3 B Asymptotes

Determine whether a hole exists or what the slant asymptote equation is.

1.  $y = \frac{x^2 - x - 2}{x + 2}$       Hole = \_\_\_\_\_      Slant = \_\_\_\_\_

2.  $y = \frac{x^2 + 2x - 8}{x - 2}$       Hole = \_\_\_\_\_      Slant = \_\_\_\_\_

3.  $y = \frac{x^2 + 8x + 7}{x + 1}$       Hole = \_\_\_\_\_      Slant = \_\_\_\_\_

4.  $y = \frac{x^2 + 3x + 2}{x + 2}$       Hole = \_\_\_\_\_      Slant = \_\_\_\_\_

5.  $y = \frac{x^2 + 10x + 9}{x + 1}$       Hole = \_\_\_\_\_      Slant = \_\_\_\_\_

## 6-4 Absolute Value Inequalities

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Solve for x:  $|x+3| > 1$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Solve for x:  $|5x-1| < -1$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Solve for x:  $|2x-1| > -1$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Solve for x:  $|x-6| < -1$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Solve for x:  $|5x-1| < -1$

## 7-1 A Derivatives

Calculate the derivative of each function.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1.  $f(x) = 3x^2 + 5x - 2$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2.  $f(x) = -4x^3 + 5$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3.  $f(x) = 3x^3 + 5x^2 - 2x$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4.  $f(x) = \frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{2}{x} - 1$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5.  $f(x) = \frac{6}{x^4} + \frac{3}{x}$

## 7-1 B Slope of Line Tangent to the Graph

Find the slope of the line tangent to the graph of the given function at the given point.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1.  $f(x) = 3x^2 + 5x - 2$  at the point (2, 20)
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2.  $f(x) = x^3 + 5x^2 - 1$  at the point (1, 5)
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3.  $f(x) = x^5$  at the point (1, 1).
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4.  $f(x) = 2x^3 + 3$  at the point (2, 19)
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5.  $f(x) = x^4 + 3x^2 + x$  at the point (1, 5)

## 7-2 Equations of Tangent Lines

Give the equation of the line tangent to the given graph at the given point. Put the equation in slope-intercept form.

\_\_\_\_\_ 1.  $f(x) = x^3 + 4x^2 - 10$  at  $(2, 14)$

\_\_\_\_\_ 2.  $f(x) = 4x^3 + 4x^2 - 4x$  at  $(1, 4)$

\_\_\_\_\_ 3.  $f(x) = x^3 + x^2$  at  $(1, 2)$

\_\_\_\_\_ 4.  $f(x) = x^5 + 4x^2 - 10x$  at  $(1, -5)$

\_\_\_\_\_ 5.  $f(x) = 2x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x$  at  $(2, 20)$

## 7-3 Critical Points (Maximums, Minimums, and Points of Inflection)

\_\_\_\_\_ 1. Find the critical points of  $f(x) = x^4 - x^2 - 6$ .

\_\_\_\_\_ 2. Find the critical points of  $f(x) = \frac{1}{4}x^4 - 2x^2$

\_\_\_\_\_ 3. Find the critical points of  $f(x) = \frac{1}{4}x^4 + x^3 - \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 3x$

\_\_\_\_\_ 4. Find the critical points of  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 4x$

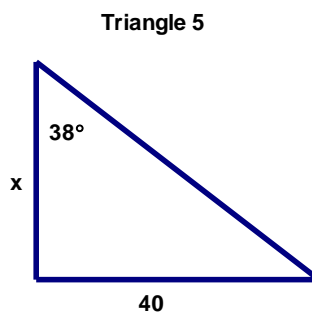
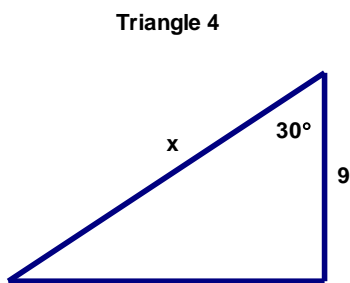
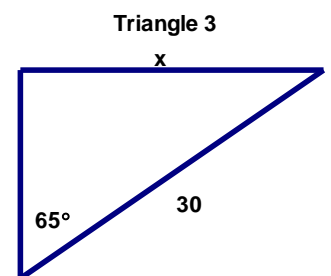
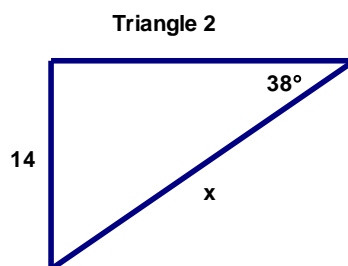
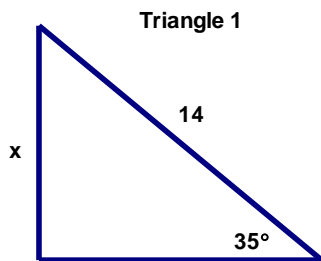
\_\_\_\_\_ 5. Find the critical points of  $f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 9x$

## 7-4 x-intercepts and y-intercepts

In 1-5, find the x-intercepts and the y-intercepts of the given equations.

1.  $f(x) = x^2 + 6x - 5$       x-intercept = \_\_\_\_\_      y-intercept = \_\_\_\_\_
2.  $f(x) = 9x - 18$       x-intercept = \_\_\_\_\_      y-intercept = \_\_\_\_\_
3.  $f(x) = x^2 - 7x - 8$       x-intercept = \_\_\_\_\_      y-intercept = \_\_\_\_\_
4.  $f(x) = x^3 + x^2 - 4x - 4$       x-intercept = \_\_\_\_\_      y-intercept = \_\_\_\_\_  
(factor by grouping)
5.  $f(x) = 2x - 10$       x-intercept = \_\_\_\_\_      y-intercept = \_\_\_\_\_

## 8-1 SOHCAHTOA

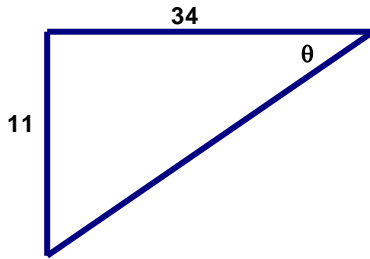


All triangles above are right triangles.

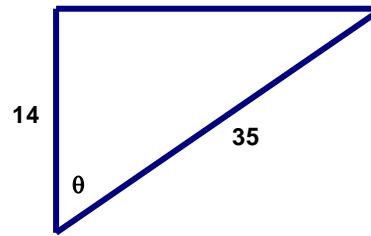
- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. What is the value of  $x$  in Triangle 1 above?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. What is the value of  $x$  in Triangle 2 above?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. What is the value of  $x$  in Triangle 3 above?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. What is the value of  $x$  in Triangle 4 above?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. What is the value of  $x$  in Triangle 5 above?

## 8-2 SOHCAHTOA 2 Finding the angle

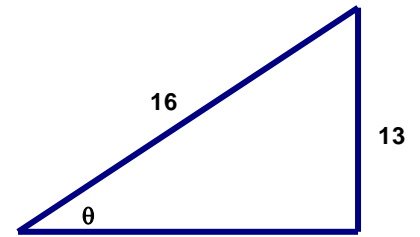
Triangle 1



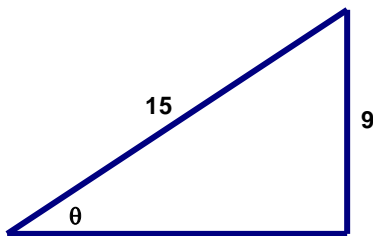
Triangle 2



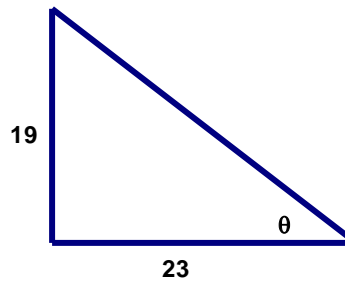
Triangle 3



Triangle 4



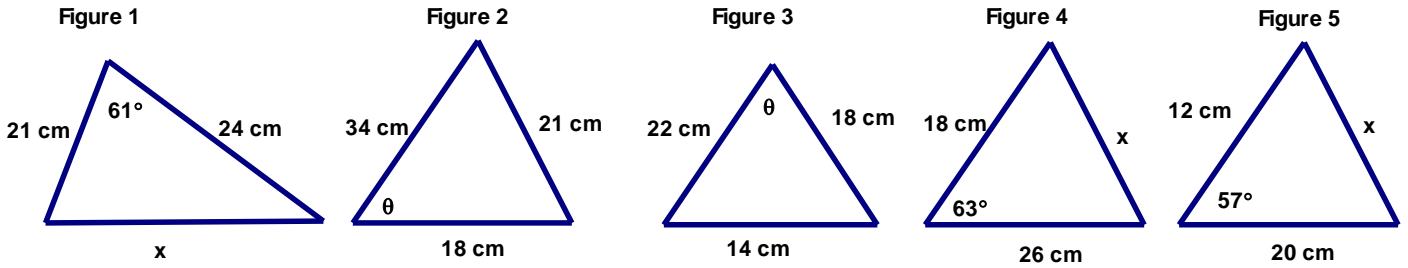
Triangle 5



All triangles above are right triangles.

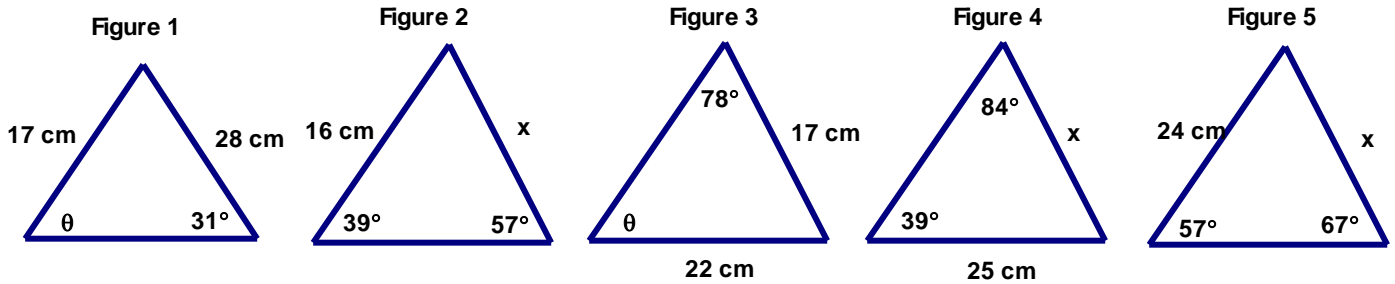
- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. What is the value of  $\theta$  in Triangle 1 above?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. What is the value of  $\theta$  in Triangle 2 above?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. What is the value of  $\theta$  in Triangle 3 above?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. What is the value of  $\theta$  in Triangle 4 above?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. What is the value of  $\theta$  in Triangle 5 above?

### 8-3 Law of Cosines



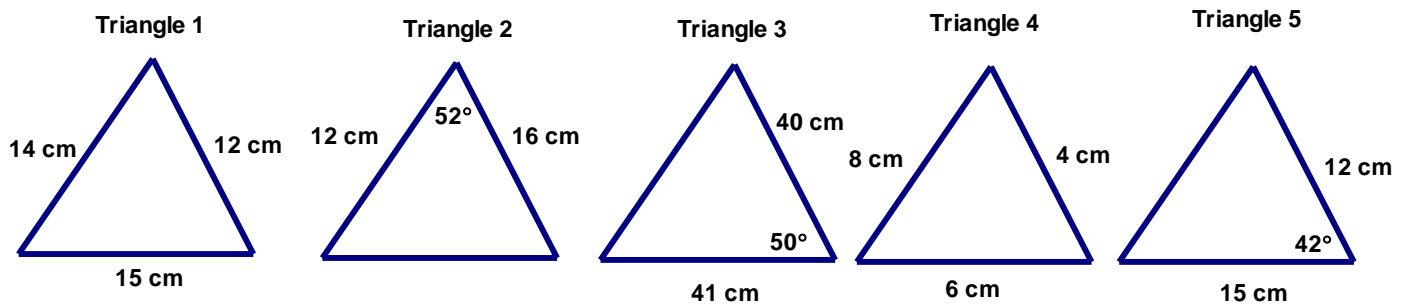
1.  $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$                       2.  $\theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$                       3.  $\theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$   
 4.  $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$                       5.  $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

### 8-4 Law of Sines



1.  $\theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$                       2.  $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$                       3.  $\theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$   
 4.  $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$                       5.  $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

### 8-5 Heron's Formula and Area of triangles



Give the area of each triangle.

1.  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$                       2.  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$                       3.  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$                       4.  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$                       5.  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$